UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL DE QUILMES INGLÉS TÉCNICO Examen parcial

Nombre y Apellido:.....Fecha:.....Fecha:.....

- 1. Analyze the words or pharses in a $\mathbf{x}\mathbf{x}\mathbf{x}$ and provide Spanish equivalents.
- 2. Complete the blanks with the following words: placed strictly before derivatives some
- 3. Find the English equivalent from the text: reglamentaciones investigación probabilidad abarcativa/o
- 4. Write in appropriate Spanish the underlined sentences.
- 5. Identify and analyze three different modal verbs.
- 6. Identify conditional sentences and write them in Spanish.
- 7. Identify and explain three different connectors.

Handling Controlled Substances in the Lab

In the broad realm of research laboratories, may deal with narcotics, stimulants, depressants, hallucinogens, anabolic steroids, or other chemicals used in the production of drugs. <u>These are</u>

- 3 <u>commonly referred to as "controlled substances" (i.e., they are controlled by federal regulations</u>). If we are using any of these materials in our research, (e.g., animal research, or practices such as veterinary services,) then we need to be very careful in how they are secured and accounted for.
- 6 The term "controlled substances" refers to drugs and other substances listed on one of the five <u>schedules</u> published in the Controlled Substance Act, Title 21 Code of Federal Regulations, <u>Parts1308.11 through</u> <u>1308.15</u>. Chemical substances are on the schedules based on three primary
- 9 characteristics: currently accepted medical treatment use in the United States, relative abuse potential, and likelihood of causing dependence when abused.

However, we need to understand that the controlled substance schedules <u>currently</u> list approximately 160 specific substances, and the schedules do *not* constitute a comprehensive <u>listing</u> of all controlled substances. <u>The schedules describe only basic or parent chemicals and do not list all the salts, isomers, and</u>

- salts of isomers, esters, ethers, and that may be controlled substances.
- 15 For example, if a substance is an analogue and is structurally or pharmacologically substantially similar to or is represented as being similar to a Schedule I or Schedule II substance and is intended for human consumption but is not an approved medication in the US, it can be treated as a Schedule I substance for 18 criminal prosecution.

<u>these materials.</u>

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